

Date prepared: August 15, 2004

Date revised: April 25, 2013

### Section I General Information

Product Name: American Clay Plaster – Marittimo<sup>TM</sup>

Formula: Proprietary blend of aggregates, clays and preservatives

Manufacturer: American Clay, LLC 2418 2<sup>nd</sup> Street SW Albuquerque, NM 87102 1.866.404.1634 Fax: 505.244.9332

Section II Hazardous Ingredients

Ingredients:	% by Wt:	CAS #:	OSHA PEL**:	ACGIH TLV**:	
Quartz	<2%	14808-60-7	0.1mg/m^3 Resp.	0.05 mg/m^3 TWA	
Nuisance Dust	-	-	5mg/m^3 Resp.	3mg/m^3 Resp.	
Total Dust	-	-	15mg/m^3	10mg/m^3	
NFPA/HMIS:	Health – 1*, F	Health – 1*, Fire – 0, Reactivity – 0, Specific Hazard – see section VI			
				ayed respiratory disease if inhaled over a spirator where TLV for quartz may be	

prolonged period of time. Avoid breathing dust. Use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator where TLV for quartz may be exceeded. IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to humans (volume 68, 1997) concludes that quartz is carcinogenic to humans (IARC classification 1).

Note: The Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) reported above are the pre-1989 limits that were reinstated by OSHA June 30, 1993 following a decision by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the 11<sup>th</sup> Circuit. Federal OSHA is now enforcing these PELs. More restrictive exposure limits may be enforced by some other jurisdictions. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) has recommended that the permissible exposure limit be changed to 50micrograms respirable free silica per cubic meter of air (0.05mg/m3) as determined by full shift sample up to a 10-hour working day, 40 hours per week. <u>See:</u> 1974 NIOSH criteria for a recommended Standard for Occupational Exposure to Crystalline Silica for more detailed information.

\*\*Unless otherwise noted, all PEL and TLV values are reported as 8 hour time weighted average (TWA).

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### **Section III Physical Chemical Characteristics**

**Boiling Point:** Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Solubility in Water: Appearance and Odor:

Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Negligible

Loose Fill Density: Melting Point: **Evaporation Rate:** 

52-69 lbs/ft^3 Not Applicable Not Applicable

Buff to White color powder with angular particles of white, tan, and grey.

### Section IV Fire and Explosion

Flammability: Auto Ignition Temp: **Combustion Products:** Flash Point:

Non-Combustible Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable

Upper & Lowe Flammable Limit: Not Applicable Special Firefighting Procedures: Not Applicable Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact/Static Discharge: Not Applicable

Means of Extinction: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding media

### Section V Reactivity Data

Stability: Conditions of Reactivity: Incompatible Materials:

Stable Under normal Conditions. Hazardous Decomposition Products: Thermal oxidative decomposition can produce calcium oxide. Hazardous polymerization will not occur. Reacts with acids to liberate carbon dioxide. Ignites on contact with fluorine. Also incompatible with alum and ammonium salts.

## Section VI Health Hazard & Toxicological Information

Exposure Limits: See Section II

#### Acute Effects:

Irritancy of product: Eye contact and inhalation are major routes of entry Inhalation: Inhalation of dust can cause irritation Skin: Prolonged or repeated skin contact can cause irritation. Contact with eyes can cause irritation Eyes: Not an expected route of entry Ingestion:

**Chronic Effects & Carcinogenicity** 

Excessive inhalation of dust from these products can cause silicosis. Crystalline silica is listed as an IARC Class 1 potential carcinogen. It has been determined that there is sufficient evidence for the carcinogenicity of crystalline silica to experimental animals and humans. These are chronic, slow developing diseases with symptoms usually delayed 10 years or more.

Signs and symptoms of exposure: There are generally no signs or symptoms of exposure to crystalline silica.

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure: Individuals with respiratory disease, or subject to eye irritation should not be exposed to crystalline silica dust.

#### **California Proposition 65 Warning**

This product contains crystalline silica, a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

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### Section VII Spill, Leak & Disposal Procedures

**Spill & Leak:** Vacuum if possible to avoid generating airborne dust. Avoid breathing dust. Wear and approved respirator. Avoid adding water; product will become slippery when wet.

**Waste Disposal:** Dispose of waste in an approved landfill in accordance with federal, state, and local laws

### Section VIII First Aid & Special Protection Information

#### First Aid

<u>Inhalation</u> : <u>Skin contact</u> : <u>Eye contact</u> : <u>Ingestion</u> :	Move victim to fresh air. If breathing difficulty continues, give oxygen & obtain medical attention. Wash with soap and warm water. If irritation develops, consult a physician. Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Call physician if irritation persists. If large amounts are ingested, get immediate medical attention.	
Respiratory Protection:	Provide adequate general ventilation. Provide workers with NIOSH approved respirators for lung damaging dust when exposed to dust. Exposure levels over 100 times TLV ( <i>Section II</i> ) required air supplied respirators.	
Skin & Eye Protection:	Gloves and safety goggles should be worn when exposed to excessive dust.	
Ventilation:	Provide Local Exhaust ventilation to meet exposure limits (Section II).	

### **Section IX Special Precautions**

Handling:	Dust in the work area should be kept minimal and proper ventilation provided. Avoid inhalation of dust. Avoid eye contact with materials.	
Storage:	Use normal precautions to avoid bag breakage and spillage. Store in a dry place.	
Other Precautions:	Slippery when wet	
Shipping:	No special shipping information required.	

### **Section X Abbreviations & References**

#### Abbreviations:

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists PEL: Personnel Exposure Limits TLV: Threshold Limit Values TWA: Time Weighted Average NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health MSDS: Material Safety Data Sheets

References

ACGIH, Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices for 2003 IARC Monographs, Volume 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibers, 1997 Material Safety Data Sheets of raw materials

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### **Other Information**

The data and recommendations made in this document are based on our own research and the research of others, and are believed to be accurate. American Clay makes no guarantee or warranty, either expressed or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of the data and recommendations.